CLAIMS

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- 1. An electrical conductor coated in an insulating layer, itself coated in a bonding layer, the conductor being characterized in that said bonding layer is obtained from a composition comprising a thermoplastic polymer and a settable resin.
- 2. An electrical conductor according to claim 1, characterized in that the settable resin is photocurable or thermosettable.
- 3. An electrical conductor according to claim 1 or claim 2, characterized in that the thermoplastic polymer presents a glass transition temperature greater than or equal to 150°C.
 - 4. An electrical conductor according to any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that when the thermoplastic polymer is semicrystalline, the thermoplastic polymer presents a melting temperature greater than or equal to 200°C.
- 5. An electrical conductor according to any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the thermoplastic polymer 25 is at least partially soluble in the settable resin.
- An electrical conductor according to any one of claims
 1 to 5, characterized in that the thermoplastic polymer
 is selected from one or more of the following polymers:
 polystyrenes; polyetheretherketones; polyetherimides;
 polyamides; polyolefins and copolymers of polyolefins;
 polysulfones; polyurethanes; polyesters; cyclic
 oligoesters; polyimides and copolymers of polyimides;
 polyphenylene ethers; polyphthalamides; vinyl
 polychlorides; polyacrylics; polymethacrylates; and
 polycarbonates.

- 7. An electrical conductor according to any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that the settable resin is selected from epoxy resins, vinyl ester resins, unsaturated polyester resins, phenolic resins, alkyl resins, acrylic resins, ester cyanates, and benzoxazines.
- 8. An electrical conductor according to any one of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that for a thermosettable resin, said composition includes at least one of the following compounds: a curing compound that is chemically reactive with said settable resin, and a curing catalyst.

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- An electrical conductor according to claim 8, characterized in that the resin is thermosettable and is
 an epoxy homopolymer and preferably a diglycidyl ether of bisphenol-A, and the setting compound is selected from amine compounds, carboxylic anhydrides, and polyamides.
- 10. An electrical conductor according to any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that said composition contains 30% to 60% parts by weight of polyphenylene oxide and 70% to 40% parts by weight of a mixture containing diglycidyl ether of bisphenol-A and an amine selected from 4,4'-methylenebis-(2,6-diethyl) benzenamine amine and 4,4'-methylenebis-(3-chloro-2,6-diethyl) benzenamine.
- 11. An electrical conductor according to any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that the settable resin is a photocurable resin selected from one of the following resins: acrylate resins; methacrylate resins; epoxy resins; and vinyl ethers.
- 12. An electrical conductor according to any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that for a photocurable resin, the composition includes a photoinitiator.

- 13. A method of manufacturing an electrical conductor (1, 2) coated with a bonding layer (4) according to any one of claims 1 to 12, the method being characterized in that it comprises applying said composition on said electrical conductor coated in said insulating layer, and applying treatment to cause said settable resin to be cured at least in part.
- 14. A method according to claim 13, characterized in that
 the curing treatment is selected from at least one of the
 following treatments: heat treatment, ultraviolet type
 radiation.